Independence and Revolution in Mexico, 1810-1940

Susanna Dickinson, James Bowie, and Juan Seguín. This captivating biography allows readers to learn about the incredible accomplishments of these people and what role they played in the Mexican Revolution.

Leaders in the Texas Revolution: United for a Cause

Women fought as soldiers in the nineteenth century. This account of Mexico from Independence to the Revolution combines lively explanations of altered gender relations. During wartime, women acted as the supply, transportation, and medical corps of the Mexican armies. Moreover, with greater frequency than US investors, crackpots, German spies, Japanese schemers, Chinese workers, and purveyors of every sort of vice. Some women personally profiting from such activities but also employing much of this revenue to create the territory's first reliable infrastructure. This engaging account reveals the new discoveries, advances in scholarship, and occurrences of the past decade. A revised glossary and index ensure that readers will have immediate access to any information they seek.

Bicentennial of Independence in Spanish America

The focus is to a large extent on the consequences of the wars of Independence for the newly established republics. However, the essays in this volume re-examine, from a number of different angles, the process of the emergence of the Latin American states as nation-states. They consider the ways in which wars of Independence and the subsequent political developments have shaped the modern history of the region. The essays are divided into four parts: the Spanish Empire and the wars of Independence, the independence struggles and the constituent processes, the transition to independence, and the nation-building. The contributors are a diverse group of scholars from different Latin American countries and a variety of perspectives, including legal, historical, social, and political.

Revision of the Oxford History of Mexico

This reissue brings together the most recent information on Mexico, with contributions from over 100 leading scholars, to provide a comprehensive overview of the history of Mexico from pre-Hispanic times to the present day. The book is divided into three parts: pre-Hispanic Mexico, colonial Mexico, and modern Mexico. Each part is further divided into several chapters, covering a wide range of topics, including politics, economics, culture, and society.

The Mexican Wars for Independence

The Mexican War for Independence began in 1810 and lasted until 1821. It was a series of conflicts that led to the independence of Mexico from Spanish rule. The war was fought by a coalition of anti-Spanish forces, including those led by Miguel Hidalgo and Ignacio Allende, who were inspired by the ideals of the French Revolution. The war was marked by a series of battles and sieges, including the siege of Veracruz, the Battle of Puebla, and the Battle of Almoloya. The war ended with the signing of the Treaty of Córdoba on February 27, 1821, which established the independence of Mexico.

La Revolución

Thomas Benjamin Be Erikson 2015 La Revolución is still largely taught in Mexico and in the United States to educate students about the revolution's objectives, the forces that led to its outbreak, and its consequences. The book includes primary sources, maps, timelines, and images to help students understand the complex events that led to the Mexican Revolution and its impact on Mexican society.

The Mexican Revolution, 1910-1940

This volume brings together twenty-six essays and primary documents to provide a comprehensive overview of the Mexican Revolution. The essays, written by historians from Mexico and the United States, cover a wide range of topics, including military strategies, political developments, and social changes. The primary documents include letters, speeches, and other materials that give insights into the experiences of ordinary people during the revolution.